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Venice, June 22. *N. S.*

OUR last Advices from the Imperial and the *French* Armies give an Account, That the Duke of *Vendosme*, after his Disappointment before *Ostiglia*, marched out of the *Ferrarese* towards *Carpi*, near which Place he is now encamped, having left a small Body of Forces at *Gelo* and *Castagnago*. The *French*, immediately after Monsieur *Albergotti*'s Defeat, quitted *Finale di Modena*, of which Post the Imperialists have again possessed themselves. The Grand Prior, Brother to the Duke of *Vendosme*, is posted at *Bondanella*, near the River *Secchia*, with a Body of *French* Forces; and it is said the Sieur *Albergotti* is marching to join him. General *Vaubonne* is fortifying *Rivoli*, for the greater Security of the Supplies of Men and Ammunition which the Imperial Army receives by that way from *Germany*: It is said, that the Body under his Command has been joined by so many Recruits and other Reinforcements from thence, as that it is augmented to near 7000 Men; That he has few Horse and no Cannon; but that some new Levies are marching from *Croatia* by the way of *Friuli*, in order to join him, who have with them 1500 Horses to remount the Imperial Cavalry; and that he is to be supplied with Artillery from *Trent*. The *French* have a Body of Forces in the *Veronese* to observe him, who by their Marches and Countermarches do wholly ruine that Country, the Soldiers committing very great Disorders, without sparing even the Churches. Our Senate sent lately an Express to the *French* Court, to complain of it, who is returned with a Promise that the Damage which the Republick has suffered shall be made good; but little Dependance is to be had upon it. The Pope has also writ to the *French* King upon the like occasion, as little Regard having been had to his Territories, as to those of this Republick; And he reminded the Cardinal *de Janson* of that King's Promise, That his Forces should not enter into the Ecclesiastical State, to which the Cardinal answered little more than that the necessity of his Master's Affairs required it, and it could not be avoided.

Vienna, June 27. *N. S.* An Express arrived here last week from *Lisbon*, with the Treaty lately concluded there between the Emperor, Her Majesty of *Great Britain*, the King of *Portugal*, and the States General. The Count *de Mansfield* was declared this morning Great Chamberlain to the Emperor; and it is expected that Prince *Eugene* of *Savoy* will be named to morrow to succeed him in the Office of President of the Council of War; and that there will be several other Changes in the Ministry here. The Insurrection in *Hungary* is suppressed, the Count *de Cohari*, with some regular Troops, having entirely routed the Malecontents near *Jockay*, taken many of them Prisoners, and dispersed the rest. A Courier who was sent about a week ago to the Count *de Schlick* returned hither yesterday with Letters from *Rieda* of the 24th Instant, giving an Account, That, according to the Directions of the Council of War, he would detach the Count *de Solari* the day following with 6 Battalions of Foot and 300 Granadiers to *Tirol*, by the way of *Saltzbourg*. The rest of the Foot of that Army is to remain in Garison at *Passaw*; and the two Regiments of Horse and Dragoons are to continue in the *Upper Austria*, under the Command of General *Richaudt*; And these Troops being thus disposed of, the Count *de Schlick* is expected here in two or three days. Letters from *Italy* make the Loss of the *French* in the late Action between the young Prince of *Vaudemont* and Monsieur *Albergotti* near *Miranzola*, much more considerable than was at first reported, near 2000 of them having been either killed or disabled, or taken Prisoners, in that Action. The Body of Imperial Forces under the Command of General *Vaubonne* had also a lucky Rencounter the 11th Instant with 800 *French* near *Verona*, whereof above 200 are said to have been killed, and then our Men made a very good Retreat, upon the Approach of 8000 *French* Forces which were ready to intercept them.

Ratisbonne, July 2. The Elector of *Bavaria* having made himself Master of *Kuefstayn*, (as was mentioned in our last) he ordered the Fortifications of that Place, which had been greatly damaged by the late Fire, to be repaired; and on the 22d past, having left General *Weithell* with a Detachment to observe the Count *de Schlick*, who was then at *Riedau* with a Body of Imperial Troops, he advanced with the rest of his Army, consisting of about 12000 Men, among whom there are 10 *French* Battalions, to *Rotenburg*, another Post on the River *Ihn*, considerable for its Strength and Situation, where Major-General *Wolkenstein*, late Governor of *Keufstayn*, was with a Garison of 400 Soldiers and 600 Militia; and the Trenches being opened that evening, they surrendered the next day, upon Condition, That they should march out with Arms and Bagage, and two Field-Pieces; but that they should not serve against the Crowns of *France* and *Spain*, and the Elector of *Bavaria*, for the Space of one Year. The 25th the Elector proceeded to *Hall*, where he was met by the Councellors of the Regency of *Inspruck*, who made their Submission to him, and at his desire did themselves order the Inhabitants of that Place to lay down their Arms, and recalled their Troops which were posted in *Scharnitz*, the chief Pass in *Tirol*, on the River *Iser*. The Elector promised to leave all things at *Inspruck* in the condition he found them, and his Forces have observed a very exact Discipline, and paid regularly for what they have had; and now the Elector having proceeded thus far, and finding his Design of opening a Communication with the *French* Army in *Italy* to be too full of Difficulty, is shortly expected back in these Parts with most of his Forces, to succour the *French* Army commanded by the Marshal *de Villars*, which begins to have great need of his Assistance. That Marshal decamped the 24th from *Gondelfingen*, and took his head Quarters at *Dillingen*. The next day he received a Courier in the evening from the Elector of *Bavaria*, with the News of his having taken *Kuefstayn*, whereupon the Marshal caused *Te Deum* to be sung, and his Forces to make a triple Discharge of their great and small Arms. He is now encamped between *Lawingen* and *Dillingen*, and has cut down all the Trees about those Places, and employed 1000 Peasants to draw a Line along the *Zwerg*, a little Rivulet at the head of his Camp near *Lawingen*, and laid a Bridge of Boats over the *Danube* a little lower. The 27th, in the evening, he ordered his Bagage to pass over that River; and the same night dispatched an Aid de Camp to the Elector of *Bavaria* at *Inspruck*, to desire Succours to enable him to make head against Prince *Lewis* of *Baden*, who had the day before pitched his Camp at *Languenau*, where he was making all the necessary Preparations to fight the Enemy. The Accounts we have had since of his Highness's Motions are very different, for Letters from *Augsburgh* of the 29th give an Account, that he had already passed the *Danube* with a strong Detachment, and other Advices say, that he was advanced with his whole Army to *Gondelfingen*, with intent to attack the *French* on that side. The 28th a Body of 5000 *French* arrived near *Ulm*, and are encamped under the Gate of that Place, called the *Danube* Gate, in order to reinforce that Garison, if Prince *Lewis* should make any Attempt against it. The Margrave of *Bareith* was the 26th at *Freyenstad*, and has since passed the River *Athmul*, and is marching towards the *Danube*, in order to act in Concert with Prince *Lewis*. The 27th a Party of his Hussars advanced near to *Donawerth*, and having drawn a Detachment of the *Bavarian* Forces in Garison there into an Ambush, they killed about 200 of them, and took several Officers Prisoners. The King of the *Romans* is shortly expected at *Nuremberg*, where some of his Servants are already arrived with part of his Bagage.

Francfort, July 5. The *French* Army under the Command of Duke of *Burgundy* decamped yesterday, and is marching towards Fort *Louis*, in order (as is supposed) to endeavour to pass the *Rhine* there, and to attack the Forces of the Allies under the Command of Major-General *Thungen*, who is looked upon to be strong enough to oppose any Designs the Enemy may have on that side. Four Regiments of Horse of the Elector Palatine's Troops are marching to reinforce him. Our Advices from *Swabia* say, Prince *Lewis* had posted his Forces in such a manner, as that he had cut off the Communication between the Marshal *de Villars*'s Army and the Town of *Ulm*, near which Place 5000 *French* are posted;